SSC • English 2nd Paper • Model Test with Solution

Model Question—13

Time: 3 hours | Full Mark: 100

[Answer all the questions. Figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

Part—A: Grammar (Marks—60)

1. Fill in the blanks with the words from the box. You may need to change the forms of some of the words. You may need to use one word more than once. 1×10=10

information	the	about	conscious	a
of	for	without	with	on

Newspaper reading is a good habit. In the morning we eagerly wait (a) _____ a newspaper. We can not have our breakfast (b) _____ a newspaper of the day. We cannot do a single day without newspaper. It is (c) _____ part and parcel of our day to day life. Newspaper is (d) _____ great use to us. It serves the purpose of people of different sections. It acquaints us with the whole world. We get all sorts of (e) _____ in the newspapers. Through newspapers we come to know what is going (f) _____ in the world around us. By reading newspaper we know (g) _____ politics, economics, culture, literature, games and sports of (h) _____ whole world. Newspaper reading makes a man (i) _____. By reading newspaper a man can keep pace (j) _____ time.

2. Make five sentences using parts of sentences from each column. 1×5=5

Our parents	become	obedient to them and try to make them happy.
We	spend	unhappy at our failure.
They	get	happy at our success.
They	should be	to make us happy.
They	should save	money for food clothes and education.
		close to them and try to make them happy.

3. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box. 1×10=10

avoid	maintain	remain	keep	get
learn	take	say	sit	take

A good student always (a) _____ his lesson. Generally he (b) _____ in the first bench. He normally (c) _____ a daily routine. Usually he (d) _____ bad company. Every day he (e) _____ part in games and sports. He hardly (f) _____ absent. He often (g) _____ suggestions from his teachers. He not (h) _____ late hours at night. He (i) _____ up early in the morning and (j) _____ his prayers.

4. Change the sentences according to directions given in the brackets: 1×10=10

(a) The Anti-discrimination Student Movement was about fighting against unfair job rules. (Make Complex Sentence)

(b) The movement was led by university students. (Make Interrogative Sentence)

(c) The students were not only from progressive groups but also from left-leaning groups. (Make Affirmative Sentence)

(d) The protests spread to many universities very quickly. (Make Exclamatory Sentence)

(e) The protests did not highlight fair practices in the job system. (Make Affirmative Sentence)

(f) The government had a mixed reaction to the movement. (Make Compound Sentence)

(g) Some leaders wanted to talk with the students who are leaders. (Make Simple Sentence)
(h) The protests lasted for 36 days. (Make Negative Sentence)
(i) August 5 is known as 36 July. (Make Interrogative Sentence)
(j) Isn't the day is celebrated as Bangladesh's Second Independence Day? (Make Assertive Sentence)

5. Make tag questions of these statements. 1×5=5

The marriage ceremony of my sister will be held on next Friday.
(a) You are attending the marriage ceremony of my elder sister, _____ ?
(b) Of course. I am coming to your house on next Thursday, _____ ?
(c) I may stay two days in your house, _____ ?
(d) You have invited some of our friends, _____ ?
(e) It will be a great joy for us, _____ ?

6. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or the both with the root words given in the parentheses. 1×5=5

Students are the future (a) _____ (lead) and (b) _____ (make) of the nation. They should train themselves in performing the duties and responsibilities to be imposed on them by their nation from the (c) _____ (education) institutions. In order to do something great (d) _____ (selfless) for the society in later life, the students while studying should render some social services. It will help them to remove self-centredness, (e) _____ (narrow) bigotry and widen their outlook in life.

7. Fill in the gaps with appropriate preposition. 1×5=5

Rupial decided (a) _____ living a lovely life. So he became detached (b) _____ his family. He cut (c) _____ all his relation and went (d) _____ a jungle. There he also found himself beset (e) _____ many problems.

8. Complete the passage using suitable connectors. 1×5=5

Like the people of all professions, a teacher has got some duties to perform daily. He gets up early in the morning and does his homework. (a) _____ he takes academic preparation. If he is an English teacher, he reads the text very well and makes notes on important matters. (b) _____ it is time for school, he starts for the school. In the classroom he tries his best to present everything in a lucid and simple English. (c) _____ he supplies notes to the students. (d) _____ the off time he reads English newspaper, magazines etc. At school he does various works and spends a busy time. At night he again reads books and takes a good preparation. (e) _____ a teacher passes his daily life.

9. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. 5

robinson crusoe was born in england right from his boyhood he wanted to be a sailor but his father did not like the idea at all he wanted that he should study law robinson was determined to pursue his career

Part—B: Writing (Marks—40)

10. Suppose, recently you have made a journey by bus. Now, write a paragraph in 250 words on 'A Journey by Bus'. 10

11. Now, it is summer season. It is very hot during day time. It's quite impossible to continue classes after 11 am. Now, write an application to your Headmaster/Headmistress praying for morning school. 10

12. Write a composition about 'A Journey by Boat'. 20

■■■ Solution to Model Test ■■■

1. (a) for
   (b) without
   (c) a
   (d) of
   (e) information
   (f) on
   (g) about
   (h) the
   (i) conscious
   (j) with
2. (a) Our parents try to make us happy.
   (b) We should be obedient to them and try to make them happy.
   (c) They spend money for food, clothes and education.
   (d) They become happy at our success.
   (e) They become unhappy at our failure.
3. (a) learns
   (b) sits
   (c) maintains
   (d) avoids
   (e) takes
   (f) remains
   (g) takes
   (h) does not keep
   (i) gets
   (j) says
4. Changing Sentences
   (a) The Anti-discrimination Student Movement was about fighting against job rules that were unfair.
   (b) Wasn't the movement led by university students?
   (c) The students were both from progressive groups and from left-leaning groups.
   (d) How quickly the protests spread to many universities!
   (e) The protests highlighted unfair practices in the job system.
   (f) The government had a reaction to the movement and it was a mixed one.
   (g) Some leaders wanted to talk with the student leaders.
   (h) The protests lasted for not more than 36 days.
   (i) Isn't August 5 known as 36 July?
   (j) The day is celebrated as Bangladesh's Second Independence Day.
5. Tag Questions
   (a) aren't you?
   (b) aren't I?
   (c) mayn't I?
   (d) haven't you?
   (e) won't it?
6. (a) leaders
   (b) makers

(c) educational
(d) selflessly
(e) narrowness

7. (a) upon
(b) from
(c) off
(d) into
(e) with

8. (a) after that
(b) when
(c) sometimes
(d) during
(e) thus

9. Robinson Crusoe was born in England. Right from his boyhood, he wanted to be a sailor. But his father did not like the idea at all. He wanted that he should study law. Robinson was determined to pursue his career.

● ***Note:*** For writing part solution, see the folder name 'Writing Part' in Google drive.
